# Managed Portfolio Service Fixed Interest Risk Profile 4 Portfolio



October 2025

#### Portfolio characteristics

Launched	Feb 2012
Target return	5%
Estimated yield	4.73%
Recommended investment period	5+ years
ISA eligible	Yes

## Costs and charges

All performance figures are shown net of underlying fund charges and net of the MPS Annual Management Charge 'AMC' of 0.40%. Fees charged by any Financial Adviser are not taken into account.

Cost Component	Direct Nominee	Platform <sup>1</sup>
Annual management charge	0.40%	0.25%
Ongoing charges figure	0.45%	0.45%
Total	0.85%	0.70%

<sup>1</sup>The performance figures illustrated in this factsheet represent the Managed Portfolio Service (MPS) Fixed Intester Risk Profile 4 Portfolio accessed via the Direct Nominee service. Please note that charges for the MPS on platform differ, and therefore performance net of fees will vary.

### Performance

The performance of the Managed Portfolio Service illustrated in this factsheet combines two key periods:

(i) Legacy Track Record – this covers performance from Psigma Investment Management MPS service from inception until 30 June 2022 when it became the Canaccord Wealth MPS service .

(ii) Canaccord Wealth MPS Service from 01 July 2022 onwards.

For full details of the terms used see the Glossary on page 2.

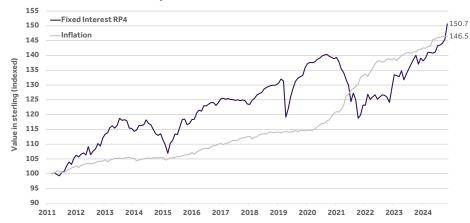
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## Investment objective

Our objective for this strategy is to achieve a return of 5% over a minimum period of 5 years, with the vast majority of returns coming from income generated. The strategy is designed to generate risk adjusted returns over the suggested time horizon.

The strategy is exclusively focused on Fixed Interest investments, which will be unlikely to generate significant capital gains over the longer term; The portfolio will be sensitive to interest rate changes. Investors in the Risk Profile 4 Fixed Interest strategy are prepared to accept occasional capital losses in order to achieve a slightly higher total return.

## Performance since inception (29/2/2012)



Annual markers are shown at year end 31/12.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

## Discrete performance (%)

Total return as at 31/10/2025

	2025 YTD*	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Model	+9.1	+3.5	+8.3	-11.6	+1.6	+5.0	+5.9	-1.5	+5.9	+6.1	-2.5
CPI	+2.7	+2.6	+3.9	+10.5	+5.4	+0.6	+1.3	+2.1	+2.9	+1.6	+0.2

Yearly data relates to close of market on 31 December in the preceding year to close of market on 31 December in the stated year. \* 2025 YTD is data for year to date from 1 January 2025 to 31 October 2025.

#### **Cumulative performance (%)**

Total return from inception to 31/10/2025. Inception 3 Months 1 Year 3 Years 5 Years to date\* Model +25.7 +13.1 +50.7 CPI +10.4 +27.7 +0.2 +3.2 +46.5

<sup>\*</sup>Inception to date. Inception is 29/2/2012.

Risk & return since inception (%)	Model	CPI
Annualised volatility	+5.2	+1.5
Maximum historic loss	-15.4	-1.1

Source: Canaccord Wealth Interactive Data as at 31/10/2025.

**ARC Data** is confirmed until 30 September 2025. Data for October 2025 is based on estimates and is subject to change.

**CPI (Consumer Price Index)** from the Office for National Statistics. Crown Copyright material is reproduced with the permission of the Office of Public Sector Information (OPSI). Reproduced under the terms of the Click-Use License.





# MPS Fixed Interest Risk Profile 4 Portfolio suggested asset allocation (%)



## Glossary

\*Ongoing charges figure: includes costs levied by third party fund managers for the external collective investment schemes we include in the investment portfolio. This figure includes:-Administration costs such as fund expenses and Synthetic costs which are charges levied by the underlying fund managers such as the managers annual management fees.

Annualised volatility: risk is measured by the variability of performance. The higher the standard deviation, the greater the variability (and therefore the risk) of the Fund or the index.

Maximum historic loss: is the maximum loss from peak to trough in an investment's history. The figures are indicative and will depend on circumstance.

Sharpe ratio: measures the risk/return tradeoff. It is the annualised return less the average risk-free rate, divided by the annualised volatility of the model.

If you require further explanation on any of the terms used in this document please contact us or visit <a href="https://www.canaccord-wealth.com/">https://www.canaccord-wealth.com/</a> glossary

#### Investment involves risk.

The value of investments and any income from them can go down as well as up and you may not get back the amount originally invested.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

Figures represent the performance of a model portfolio, investors should note that individual account performance may differ.

Levels and bases for taxation may change.

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# Top 10 holdings (%)

L&G All Stocks Gilt Index Trust	12.0
Brown Advisory Global Sustainable Total Return Bond Fund	10.5
Invesco Sterling Bond	9.9
TwentyFour Core Corporate Bond Fund	9.9
Capital Group Global Corporate Bond Fund	9.9
iShares \$ TIPS UCITS ETF GBP Hedged	9.9
TwentyFour Focus Bond Fund	7.3
TwentyFour Asset Backed Income Fund	7.2
iShares II PLC USD Treasury Bond 7-10Yr	7.0
AXA US Short Duration High Yield Fund	5.0
Top ten holdings excluding cash	
Source: Canaccord Wealth	

## Portfolio Manager commentary

 $Global\ equities\ kicked\ off\ October\ with\ a\ strong\ rally,\ shrugging\ off\ the\ US\ government$ shutdown and signs of cooling labour markets. Investors looked past the noise, focusing instead on resilient K-shaped consumption, rising productivity, and strong corporate earnings. Valuations, high but justified, held firm as markets digested a backdrop of increasingly accommodative monetary and fiscal policy. Healthcare led early gains, rebounding sharply after a year of regulatory uncertainty, as new guidance from Washington lifted an overhang on the sector.

Mid-month, the fragile truce between the US and China unravelled, reigniting tensions over rare-earths and Al-critical supply chains. Threats of tariffs and export controls sent a jolt through tech-heavy markets: US technology fell sharply, Chinese equities declined, and cyclical sectors bore the brunt, while defensives held their ground. The flare-up, though dramatic, was temporary and markets quickly rebounded.

Financials briefly hit the spotlight as well, with the bankruptcies of Tricolor and First Brands raising questions about the shadow banking system and private credit. Still, broader credit  $markets\ held\ firm, with\ high-yield\ spreads\ staying\ far\ from\ crisis\ territory.\ Major\ banks,$ robustly capitalised and battle-tested, demonstrated that the system built post-Global Financial Crisis remains resilient. Even amid these minor shocks, government bonds offered refuge, with UK gilts rallying on signs of slowing wage growth.

By month-end, disinflationary signals gave markets further support. UK inflation eased sharply, prompting an increase in expectations of Bank of England rate cuts and driving gains in small and mid-cap equities as well as Gilts. US inflation also softened, reinforcing hopes for Federal Reserve (Fed) easing. Megacap US technology stocks closed the month close to fresh all-time highs, delivering record earnings and driving unprecedented concentration in the index.

The Fed, constrained by a fog of missing data due to the government shutdown, moved cautiously toward a more accommodative stance. October leaves markets at a moment where overarching optimism meets vigilance, amidst lofty valuations, episodic bouts of volatility and softening macro data.